Arresting air leakages in compressed air network saves Rajkot foundry 66,000 rupees annually at zero cost

<u>Tags</u> **Type:** Unit case study **Sub-sector** : Foundry **Location** : Rajkot **Partners** : SDC, TERI, Rajkot Engineering Association (REA) **Year** : 2015

Background

Rajkot, in Gujarat, is one of the largest engineering MSME clusters in the country comprising a range of energy-intensive sub-sectors such as aluminium, bearings, foundry, forging, investment casting, kitchenware, machine tool, pump sets, and plastics. There are close to 700 foundry units in the Rajkot cluster. Most of the units manufacture ferrous (iron) castings, mainly spheroidal graphite (SG) iron, cast iron (CI) and steel. The annual production of the cluster is estimated to be 460,000 tonnes. The foundry units cater to diverse engineering sectors such as agricultural machines, air compressors, automotive components, electric motors, electrical transmission, machine tools, pump sets, and others.

Intervention

Under the TERI–SDC Partnership project (2015–17), TERI shortlisted about 110 foundry units in Rajkot for detailed energy audits (DEAs), in consultation with the cluster-level associations. These selected units varied widely in terms of production levels, castings produced, and moulding processes. DEAs were conducted in each of the identified foundries, and a comprehensive DEA report prepared for each unit, listing technoeconomically feasible energy conservation measures (ECMs). Details such as specifications of the EE equipment/machinery, along with vendor quotations, estimates of the energy and cost savings, investment requirements and payback period were worked out for most of the ECMs involving retrofits or revamps of the existing technology.

RF09 is one such unit, manufacturing steel castings. The total production during 2015 was about 2489 tonnes; the total energy consumption was 556.3 tonnes of oil equivalent (toe).

Investments, energy savings and other benefits

Unit RF09 adopted the ECM recommended by the study for its compressed air distribution network. The benefits are summarized below. ECM: Arresting the air leakages in the compressed air distribution network in the plant, through the use of crimped hose joints Investment: Nil Energy savings: 9851 kWh annually Monetary savings: Rs 0.66 lakhs annually Simple payback period: Immediate



Before

After